International Affairs

Breathtaking changes in political, economic and social relations have taken place over the past several centuries. Living and working in a rapidly changing global environment presents great opportunities to advance the human condition, promote growth and development, create political liberties, recast bargains between governments and their societies, transform social welfare, and advance the boundaries of knowledge and scientific exploration.

Yet, the same context presents great risks as people fear loss of identity, worry about economic subordination and loss to those beyond their borders, encounter environmental degradation, and confront potential decline in personal and social autonomy. Our heightened economic, political, social, cultural and environmental interdependence generates serious challenges in areas such as social justice, health, security, development, human rights, social welfare, inequality, diversity and technology. These challenges create the possibility for conflict but also for cooperation and compromise.

The Masters of Arts in International Affairs offers an interdisciplinary approach to understanding global issues. The program draws on teaching and expertise from Washington University faculty and experienced practitioners in the St. Louis region, and it provides knowledge and skills for understanding and working with some of the most difficult international and cross-cultural problems faced by states, societies and communities. Students have the opportunity to tailor their studies to explore topics such as global politics, global economics, development, international security and conflict, international business, human rights, the role of gender, the environment and sustainability, and issues of regional importance.

Whether students are studying full-time or part-time, a range of on-campus and online courses makes it possible for them to shape their degree according to their interests and schedules.

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Website: http://ucollege.wustl.edu/programs/graduate/masters-international-affairs

Degree Requirements

Master of Arts in International Affairs

Total Requirements: 30 units

The Master of Arts in International Affairs is a 30-unit program that includes four core courses and a capstone project, which is either a Directed Research Project (3 units) or a Master’s Thesis (6 units). The purpose of the required core courses is to develop a coherent structure that will underpin the AM by ensuring that some common theoretical foundations, knowledge and language are shared by students in this program and with graduates of similar programs around the world. This contributes to the building of a professional community and identity. Remaining electives may be chosen from International Affairs seminars or, with permission, from graduate-level courses in other departments.

Required Core Courses: 12 units

Students must take four core courses aimed at the acquiring of a common understanding of foundational knowledge and skills for analyzing international affairs, thus enhancing students’ abilities to be thoughtful and critical users of academic research in applied settings and while pursuing careers in the field.

One required course is IA 524 Methods and Research Design in International Studies, a research writing and methods seminar that helps students develop systematic tools for use as practitioners who write and present their work.

The other three core courses, selected from a list of core courses, provide a theoretical and substantive foundation for the analysis and understanding of international affairs. Students choose from the following courses:

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<th>Code</th>
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<tr>
<td>IA 509</td>
<td>International Organizations</td>
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<td>IA 510</td>
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<td>IA 5310</td>
<td>National Security Decision-Making</td>
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<td>IA 535</td>
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<td>IA 5410</td>
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<td>IA 571</td>
<td>Politics of Global Finance</td>
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<td>IA 574</td>
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<td>IA 5772</td>
<td>State Failure, State Success and Development</td>
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<td>IA 5080</td>
<td>U.S. Law and International Relations</td>
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These courses are designed to enable students to develop expertise and understanding of dominant analytical frameworks, tools, and common language in the field of international affairs so that they are better prepared to engage with other professionals in the field. A selection of three core courses, which are overlapping, ensures that this foundation will be sound and robust.

Additional International Affairs Courses: 12-15 units
These courses may be chosen from International Affairs seminars or, with permission, from graduate-level courses in other departments.

**Capstone Project: 3-6 units**

After completing their formal course work, all students are required to complete a capstone research project under the supervision of a Washington University faculty member. The research project is either a 3-unit Directed Research Project or, for especially strong students, a 6-unit Master's Thesis.

**Courses**

Visit online course listings to view semester offerings for U85 IA (https://courses.wustl.edu/CourseInfo.aspx?sch=U&dept=U85&crslvl=5-8).

**U85 IA 500 Independent Study**

An independent research project under the supervision of a member of the faculty of the International Affairs program. An approved proposal must be presented at the time of registration. Open only to students admitted into the International Affairs program. For more information, contact an adviser at 314-935-6700. Credit variable, maximum 3 units.

**U85 IA 502 Directed Research Project**

An independent research project under the direction of a member of the faculty in the International Affairs program. An approved proposal must be presented at the time of registration. Required for MA degree. Open only to students admitted to International Affairs program. Credit 3 units.

**U85 IA 503 Cultural Policy and the Politics of Culture in Latin America**

This course will examine cultural policy making in Latin America, which has developed from the close relationship between the state and a nation's writers, intellectuals, and artists. Focusing on case studies from Mexico, Argentina, and Brazil, we will explore ways in which the arts have connected with civil society and the public sphere, in turn becoming engines of economic development, political mobilization, and social intervention. We also will examine the evolution of Latin American media and the manner in which public intellectuals have shaped public opinion in the region. Authors include Mary Coffey, George Yudice, Néstor García Canclini, Nicola Miller, and Anne-Marie Stock, among others. Credit 3 units. UColl: CD, IAA

**U85 IA 5080 U.S. Law and International Relations**

This course examines how law and politics interact to define the limits on government authority in foreign policy. The separation of powers is a key tenet of the U.S. political system, and nowhere is this principle challenged more than in the realm of foreign policy. All three branches of our government struggle with the inherent tension between the need for decisive action and secrecy on the one hand and the desire for democratic deliberation and accountability on the other. These tensions have been with us since the beginning of the nation, but they have become even more prominent with recent changes in technology, new international threats, and increased globalization. Credit 3 units. UColl: IAC, OLI

**U85 IA 509 International Organizations**

This course examines the role of major international organizations in the modern world — the UN, EU, NATO, IMF, WTO, MERCOSUR, and others. We explore the background for the creation of these organizations, the purposes they serve, and those whose interests they promote. We also consider how they adapt and evolve over time. Our survey centers on three broad areas of investigation: First, we examine how international organizations promote and maintain international security. Second, we consider organizations designed to regulate and promote economic growth and development. This entails a focus upon the process of globalization and the challenges presented in an era of heightened economic interdependence. Finally, we examine growing efforts at regional cooperation through the emergence of organizations such as NAFTA, the EU, and MERCOSUR. Credit 3 units. UColl: IAC, IAI

**U85 IA 5093 Politics of the European Union**

This course provides a political overview of the European Union and its 27 member states. Attention is paid to the emergence of European supranational governance in the 1950s and its trajectory to the present day. We also consider the interplay of geographical, economic, and cultural factors, together with an assessment of the EU and its place in the larger global political sphere. Credit 3 units. UColl: IAC

**U85 IA 510 UN and International Security**

The aim of this course is to gain a deeper understanding of the United Nations (UN) and its role in world politics. Beginning with an examination of the history of the UN and its precursors, we will discuss the UN's structure and its three-part mission as outlined in the UN Preamble: international peace and security; human rights; and development. We will assess the strengths and weaknesses of the UN and its agencies in these three substantive areas, within the context of a rapidly shifting geopolitical climate. Attention will be paid to the ongoing debate among proponents and detractors of the UN, and the unique role played by the U.S. in this debate. Credit 3 units. UColl: IAC, IAI, OLI

**U85 IA 511 International Law and the Use of Force**

This course will combine legal and political science approaches to the study of international law. We will explore the source of international law, the law of treaties, the interaction of international and national law, international jurisdiction and sovereignty, state responsibility, the peaceful settlement of disputes, and the use of force. In addition, we will examine political science theories that seek to explain why international law does (or does not) influence the behavior of states in international affairs. Credit 3 units. UColl: IAC, IAI, OLI

**U85 IA 512 Humanitarian Intervention in International Society**

One of the more striking features of post-Cold War international society has been the development of a theory and practice of humanitarian intervention. This course explores the background,
causes, nature, and limits of these changes. The course is interdisciplinary in nature, combining legal, moral, and political analysis, with an emphasis on the legal question of whether today there is so-called legal right of humanitarian intervention. The course does not assume prior background in international relations. We therefore also spend time introducing a few central concepts and issues in international relations in order to provide a theoretical framework for our substantive inquiries into humanitarian intervention.

Credit 3 units. UColl: OLI

U85 IA 5130 Dirty Wars and State Terrorism in South America
This course will explore the historical, political, and cultural impact of the so-called Operation Condor military dictatorships in 1970s and 1980s South America. We will focus on two of the most notorious dictatorships, those in Argentina and Chile, but we will also examine the examples of Bolivia, Uruguay, Paraguay, and Brazil. We will use historical accounts, remembrance sites, declassified U.S. government documents, literary works, and film to assess the various causes and results of a period that has marked these countries in ways that continue to influence national identities.

Credit 3 units. UColl: IAA

U85 IA 5142 Sustainable Development and Conservation: Madagascar
This course focuses on sustainable development in rural subsistence economies, using Madagascar as case study. Students from diverse disciplines are challenged to develop and assess the feasibility of projects that can have a positive impact on communities constrained by poverty traps. The span of projects includes topics such as forest conservation and use, nutrition, health, food security, clean water, education, and bottom-up economic growth. Students in humanities, social sciences, business, design, engineering, physical sciences, law, social work, economics, political science, public health and others use their different perspectives to search for answers. Teamwork and peer teaching are central to the course. Competitively evaluated projects will be field-tested in Madagascar. Selected teams will travel to Madagascar in May and work with the Missouri Botanical Garden Community Conservation Program to adapt projects to conflicting environmental, cultural, economic, and political factors. Poster board sessions for students taking the trip occur in the fall term. Project teams selected to go to Madagascar will be assessed a lab fee at the time their participation in the trip is confirmed. The lab fee covers the cost of airfare, in-country transportation, and approximately three weeks of in-country lodging and food. Undergraduate students should register for the course using one of the undergraduate cross-listed course numbers.

Credit 3 units.

U85 IA 5170 Gender and Globalization
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAI

U85 IA 5181 International Economics
This course provides an analysis of the international economy, the economic theories that help explain it, and analysis of important current issues of international economic policy. When David Ricardo proposed his famous theory of comparative advantage in 1821, he set out to explain why England exported cloth to and imported wine from Portugal. Today, international trade is much more complex. Apple devices are designed in Silicon Valley while their most expensive component, the hard drive, is manufactured by Toshiba in Philippines before it is finally assembled in China. Can Ricardo's theory explain today's patterns of international production and trade? Today, the number of these currencies has been reduced through the formation of the European Union. What are the cost and benefits of currency unions?

Credit 3 units. UColl: IAC, IAI

U85 IA 5159 International Growth and Development
Few subjects in international relations attract as much attention as growth and development. Why do some nations develop while others languish? What accounts for the disparities in the distribution of wealth and opportunity in the world? This is far more than an economic puzzle. This seminar explores the interaction of politics, history, culture, society, the environment and economics as we try to understand what governments and societies do to promote or hinder growth and development.

Credit 3 units. UColl: IAC, IAI

U85 IA 5213 Latin America in World Affairs
This course examines Latin American foreign relations from the 1820s to the present with an emphasis on the period since 1945. Focusing on transnational relations, the course analyzes long term patterns and trends among Latin American states and between Latin America and the United States, Europe, and the global South. Attention will be paid to the way Latin Americans have sought to manage foreign influence. To this end we will analyze patterns of inter-American conflict and cooperation. The course will explore how elite culture, domestic social forces, development, and cultural identities influenced national political cultures, and how these in turn shaped Latin American foreign policies.

Credit 3 units. UColl: CD

U85 IA 5215 Grand Strategy
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAI

U85 IA 5230 The Law of the Sea: Governing the Oceans and Marine Resources
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAI

U85 IA 524 Methods and Research Design in International Studies
This course introduces students in the International Affairs program to research design and methods and to the relationship of theory to research in the social sciences, with the aim of preparing students for writing research papers. Areas to be explored include overall research design, case selection, and literature reviews. The importance of theory is stressed.

Credit 3 units.

U85 IA 5264 Environmental Ethics
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAI

U85 IA 5273 Introduction to Israel Studies
An exploration of Israel in the Jewish experience from antiquity to modernity and in the history and culture of the Middle East. Special attention will be paid to the modern state of Israel and current issues in its politics, economy, and society. L75 5273 is intended for graduate students only.
Primary readings should be mostly completed in advance of the term. Students will need to question the history of colonialism and cultural memory in order to understand better the role rhetoric plays in such fiction. They will also pay attention to the stylistic features of these works, to understand better the role rhetoric plays in such fiction. We will investigate how Chinese society and its mix of political and economic institutions have the potential to reshape international politics, the global economy, and the environment.

Credit 3 units. UColl: IAA

U85 IA 5306 The Modern Mediterranean: Facts and Fictions

This course will examine China's global impact in the 21st century. Beginning with an overview of its current political and economic configuration, we will explore China's complex global interactions, examining these from the perspective of Western and Asian nations, together with the view from within China. Drawing from the interdisciplinary scholarship of political scientists, economists, and anthropologists, as well as the writings of politicians, business leaders, and ordinary people, we will investigate how Chinese society and its mix of political and economic institutions have the potential to reshape international politics, the global economy, and the environment.

Credit 3 units. UColl: IAA

U85 IA 5309 Chinese Society

This course will examine China's global impact in the 21st century. Beginning with an overview of its current political and economic configuration, we will explore China's complex global interactions, examining these from the perspective of Western and Asian nations, together with the view from within China. Drawing from the interdisciplinary scholarship of political scientists, economists, and anthropologists, as well as the writings of politicians, business leaders, and ordinary people, we will investigate how Chinese society and its mix of political and economic institutions have the potential to reshape international politics, the global economy, and the environment.

Credit 3 units. UColl: IAA

U85 IA 5310 National Security Decision-Making

This week-long intensive course will simulate our national security decision-making process. Students will embody the various perspectives and priorities of strategic decision-makers, gaining an appreciation for the interagency process and the challenges of making foreign policy in a complex and fast-paced environment. Students will hone professional writing, oral presentation, negotiation and collaboration skills as we explore potential flashpoints with two geostrategic rivals, China and Russia. We will consider our treaty obligations, alliances, and how to employ our diplomatic, military, economic and unconventional tools to achieve our nation's strategic goals.

Credit 3 units. UColl: IAC, OLI

U85 IA 5321 Africa and International Development Aid Policy

This course will examine the role that international actors play in the process of domestic development policy. With a focus on the nations of Africa, we will explore the history and evolution of key international entities, including financial institutions such as the World Bank and International Monetary Fund, nongovernmental organizations such as Oxfam, and multinational organizations such as the United Nations. We will consider competing theories and strategies on what constitutes the best development policy practices. A selection of case studies will help us assess the effectiveness of policy tools to promote or hinder development in poor countries. Readings will include works by Jeffrey Sachs, Paul Collier, Amartya Sen, and William Easterley.

Credit 3 units. UColl: IAA

U85 IA 5333 The Post-Cold War Order

This course will cover key developments in post-Cold War politics. Beginning with an assessment of the problem of achieving order in an international system lacking central authority, we will examine the emergence of international institutions intended to regulate global and regional security, nuclear weapons proliferation, the world economy, and the global environment. We will then consider ethnic and cultural sources of cooperation and conflict, including the "end of history" and "clash of civilizations" theses. Next, we will examine the challenge posed by American primacy, the development of international law and cooperation, and trends toward both globalization and regionalization. We will conclude by assessing approaches to the global war on terror.

Credit 3 units. UColl: IAA, IAI

U85 IA 535 American Foreign Policy

This course begins with a survey of the historical foundations of American foreign policy. Having established a broad understanding of the issues that have confronted the nation, we closely examine the current political climate, and the challenges that the United States faces both in terms of its economic and physical security. Finally, we consider strategies for dealing with the threats and challenges that beset this nation.

Credit 3 units. UColl: IAC, OLI

U85 IA 5400 NGOs in the International System

Over the past several decades, NGOs (nongovernmental organizations) have become an integral part of international politics, addressing crucial problems pertaining to environmental degradation, human rights, immigration, poverty, disease, and so forth. This course will explore ways in which NGOs influence the shaping and execution of policy in international affairs. We will first consider the rise of NGOs and the rationale for their emergence, then examine — through case studies in Africa,
Asian, South America, and the former Soviet Union — how they have approached their mission and whether they have succeeded.
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAI

**U85 IA 5402 Mathematical Modeling in Political Science**

This course is designed to provide mathematical tools useful for the rest of the statistical methods sequence, as well as for other courses in formal theory or mathematical modeling. Throughout the course, the mathematical tools are motivated by applications to the general problem of how politics can be modeled for purposes of statistical analysis, deductive reasoning, or conceptual theorizing. This motivation is accomplished by means of a consistent focus on such processes as individual decision making, the representation of issues, statistical phenomena, and phenomena of change over time. The course assumes a sufficient background in elementary algebra, logic, functions, and graphs; remedial work in these areas will be offered through a review course during the last week or two of summer. Mathematical topics covered include: sets and relations; probability; differential calculus and optimization; difference equations; and linear algebra.
Same as L32 Pol Sci 5052
Credit 3 units.

**U85 IA 5403 Global Collective Action: Why Do Nations Cooperate? Climate Change and Other Cases**

Nation-states act in their self-interest — so how and when do they come together to address global problems? From nuclear disarmament to small pox eradication to tackling climate change, nations must transcend or transform self-interest to deal with these problems. Collective action and concepts such as tragedy of the commons, free riders, and prisoner's dilemma, will be taught in the context of global problems. We will examine the role of the nation-state, non-state players and the sub-national players in the pursuit of global governance. With a focus on climate change negotiations, we will delve into what collective action means for the big economies (U.S., China, Russia), for the not-so-big economies and for the small island nation-states and indigenous peoples, and what this action means within the current international system and regimes.
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAI, OLI

**U85 IA 541 The Global Village in the 21st Century**

This course will explore the structure, function, and impact of global communications media through a study of their historical, economic, political, social, and cultural aspects. A comparison of case studies across the global spectrum will facilitate an understanding of the impact of telecommunications, television, and the internet on economic relations, national sovereignty, the role of international organizations such as the UN and WTO, and on the daily lives of people around the world.
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAI

**U85 IA 5410 Alternative Analytic Techniques for International Affairs**

This course instills analytic rigor and imagination into the consideration of our most pressing national security issues. Based on structured analytic techniques employed in the Intelligence Community, students in this course will hone critical thinking skills, consider overlooked ideas, and develop unique perspectives. Students will be given the tools to recognize and overcome biases, mental shortcuts, and unstated assumptions and to challenge conventional wisdom through the analysis of

U.S. foreign and counter-terrorism policy and current events in the Middle East, China, and North Korea.
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAC, IAI

**U85 IA 5443 Drones, Surveillance, and Biometrics: Global Cyberwar in the 21st Century**

This course examines how the practice of militarism is changing worldwide through the development of new technologies. How are governments reshaping the practice of war and diplomacy with the use of unmanned drones to fight wars, biometric eye and finger scanners to patrol borders and immigration, wiretapping on civil populations to conduct surveillance of foreign terrorists, etc.? How are civilians and nonstate actors engaging in cyberwar, as in the network attacks from China on major corporations like Google? What does it mean that anyone (from militants to humanitarian groups) can now buy drones on the market from private firms? How has a former judge in Montana posed online as an Iraqi cyberspy for the U.S. government? We will assess theories and implications of these developments in readings from sociology, international relations, and science and technology studies. Guest speakers will be invited from institutions around the St. Louis region, such as the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency, Boeing, legal specialists, and privacy advocates.
Credit 3 units.

**U85 IA 5450 Confronting Weapons of Mass Destruction (WMD): International Legal, Political, & Military Frameworks**

This course will examine and evaluate the mechanisms employed by states to address the global problem of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) — nuclear, chemical, and biological weapons and their means of delivery. We will establish a framework of understanding about WMD while exploring relevant historical developments. We will focus on a comparison of states’ WMD-control/nonproliferation strategies and their WMD-counter-proliferation strategies. We will also consider the matter of complementing the latter strategies with UN Security Council action. The course will conclude with a consideration of the nuclear-weapon abolition debate and viable WMD-control futures.
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAI

**U85 IA 5451 Global Poverty**

This course examines the contributions of economists and political scientists to analyzing the nature of poverty, to evaluating strategies for reducing or eliminating poverty, and to considering the effects of globalisation on the poor. We also focus on ethical matters; namely, our moral obligation to the poor — both those in foreign lands and those who are fellow citizens. The relevant arguments and planning schemes will be assessed and compared.
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAI

**U85 IA 5494 Indonesia: History, Society, Culture, and International Relations**

Indonesia is the largest nation in Southeast Asia and the world's fourth most populous, with its largest Muslim population. This course will survey the history, politics, and culture of Indonesia. It will cover topics relating to religion, the arts and media, terrorism and ethnic violence, and a burgeoning economy that has generated serious ecological damage. In addition to studying the complexity and diversity of the Indonesian archipelago and
its people, we will explore Indonesia's evolving presence on the
global stage.
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAA

U85 IA 550 Current Issues in International Affairs
Topic varies from semester to semester.
Credit 3 units.

U85 IA 5501 Civil War and Peace
This course examines the causes and consequences of civil war
as well as potential solutions to it, drawing on examples from
countries throughout the world. The potential causes of intra-
state violence include ethnic and religious identities, economic
and security concerns, elite manipulation, and international
diffusion. The different tools for managing intra-state conflict
that we examine include minority representation, power-sharing,
decentralization, and partition.
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAI

U85 IA 551 The Culture of Global Neoliberalism
This course will study neoliberalism, a key socioeconomic
approach to the free market and influential model for
development, as a phenomenon that has fundamentally
affected politics, ideology, and culture across the global-
local spectrum. We will explore concepts such as globalization,
citizenship, consumerism, private governance, NGOs and the
commodification of identity. Our coverage will incorporate the
work of David Harvey, Aiwha Ong, Slavoj Zizek, Néstor García
Canclini, and Kim Fellner.
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAA

U85 IA 5523 Planetary Problems: International Competition
and Cooperation in Outer Space
This course will explore the crucial role of outer space in
global affairs and the challenge of confronting potentially dire
consequences of an increasingly crowded orbital environment. We
will study three key decisions that shaped the American
manned space program: Kennedy's Apollo program; Nixon's
space shuttle; and Reagan's space station. We will also examine
the role of the United Nations Committee on the Peaceful Uses
of Outer Space (COUPUS). Most broadly, we will consider
the growing importance of space to humanity at large and the
attendant challenges that confront the international community.
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAI

U85 IA 553 International Business
Today's business environment has become increasingly global,
and it is imperative that business leaders understand the
theories, institutions, and environmental elements that underlie
international commerce. Globalization of businesses presents
not only the opportunity to sell to world markets but also the
challenges of potential competitors in nearly every industry. The
objective of this course is to provide students with an introduction
to economic theories, international commercial entities, and
the political and cultural environments that form the context for
global business. Topics include country-market differences, trade
and investment patterns, the international financial environment,
issues in business-government relations, and strategies for
international business. We focus on opportunities for, threats to,
and options facing the multicultural business enterprises.
Credit 2 units. UColl: IAI

U85 IA 5571 Politics of Global Finance
Global finance underwent stunning transformations over the
past 40 years. The changes contribute to interdependence, challenge
national sovereignty, alter state-society relations, affect economic development, and influence the distribution of
wealth and power in the global political economy. The seminar examines the political economy of monetary relations, the
globalization of capital markets, and their effects upon domestic
and international affairs.
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAC, IAI

U85 IA 5581 Domestic Politics and U.S. Foreign Policy
Decision-Making
This course examines U.S. foreign policy from the perspective
of domestic politics, with the aim of understanding how our
political institutions affect foreign policy outcomes. The first
section of the course provides an overview of the paradigms that
have been used to understand foreign policy decision-making and examines the electoral and interest group pressures that
influence decisions. The second section studies the chief political
branches of government (executive, legislative, judicial) and
their role in foreign policy. The final section covers the major
bureaucratic agencies involved in foreign policy decisions.
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAA

U85 IA 559 International Political Economy in Theory and
Practice
Globalization, the accelerating rate of interaction between people
of different countries, creates a qualitative shift in the relationship
between nation-states and national economies. Conflict and
war is one form of international interaction. Movement of capital,
goods, services, production, information, disease, environmental
degradation, and people across national boundaries are other forms
of international interactions. This course will introduce the
study of global political-economic relations and will develop a
theoretical tool kit that will help students explore the globalization
of material and social relations.
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAI

U85 IA 5630 Inside the Intelligence Community
This class will provide an in-depth look at the United States
Intelligence Community (IC) — specifically, the different
agencies that compose the IC and their varying missions,
priorities, and resources — and how intelligence informs
national security decision making. Students will analyze long-
term national security issues on which the government would
like to focus as well as the short-term crisis issues on which
the government must focus. We will write strategic analytical
products and simulate inter-agency coordination and testimony
before Congress. Systems and infrastructure designed around
security make virtual interaction the preferred means of
communication for analysts with shared problem sets who
operate around the world and around the clock. Accordingly,
this course, which has been designed for students who are
interested in understanding and/or becoming part of our nation's
national security apparatus, will simulate the robust yet virtual
nature of communication and collaboration within the IC.
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAC

U85 IA 565 From Mikado to Makudo: A Literary View
of Japanese Culture
This course will survey Japan's social and cultural history
through selected literary works that span the seventh century
resurgence of economic nationalism, as well as the relationship between increased trade and environmental protection. Credit 3 units. UColl: IAI

U85 IA 5721 Energy, International Politics, and the Quest for Power
This course will examine the history and political implications of oil, the world’s preeminent strategic resource. We will trace the “low” of oil from its discovery in 1859 to its current role as fuel for the global economy. We will explore oil in relation to military conflict and to the energy competition among Russia, China, the U.S., and other powers. We will study the relation between energy resources, business strategies, political power, and foreign policy. Credit 3 units. UColl: IAI

U85 IA 574 International Relations
Globalization, the accelerating rate of interaction between people of different countries, creates a qualitative shift in the relationship between nation-states and national economies. Conflict and war is one form of international interaction. Movement of capital, goods, services, production, information, disease, environmental degradation, and people across national boundaries are other forms of international interactions. This course introduces major approaches, questions, and controversies in the study of international relations. In a small group seminar we will examine the building blocks of world politics, the sources of international conflict and cooperation, and the globalization of material and social relations. Credit 3 units. UColl: IAC, OLH, OLI

U85 IA 5772 State Failure, State Success and Development
This course takes an interdisciplinary approach to examining the role governments play in development and economic outcomes. We will look at some of the competing arguments about governments in failed and successful states and compare those arguments to the empirical world, or data. In so doing we will recognize that how governments affect development and economic outcomes in society is neither straightforward nor consistent with any of the ideological screeds that often dominate public discourse. Credit 3 units. UColl: IAC, IAI

U85 IA 5784 Global Leadership
This course will study leadership issues in various global and multicultural settings. We will focus on developing an understanding of global leadership skills and the means of fostering such skills. Attention will be paid to practices that advance ethical awareness, diversity, and effective conflict management. We will discuss exemplary leaders such as Bill Clinton, Bill Gates, and Nelson Mandela. The course will feature an in-depth coverage of relevant theories and research on leadership in global and multicultural organizations. We will discuss team leadership and team collaboration skills within a culturally diverse world, as well as current events relating to global leadership. Credit 3 units. UColl: IAI

U85 IA 5820 Ukraine in Turmoil
This course will examine recent events in Ukraine and their underlying long-term causes. We will consider the riots of February 2014 and how the subsequent overthrow of the scandal-ridden Yanukovich government became a bloody civil
war in Eastern Ukraine. The class will study the geopolitical
Ukraine in the Eurasian land mass, and the tension it has
generated between the Russian Federation, United States, and
western Europe.
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAA

U85 IA 5825 Cold War 2.0 and the Balkans
This course examines the prospects of reemerging Cold War
tensions between the United States and the Russian Federation
with the Balkans serving as the central focus of such tensions.
We will examine these tensions within the broader context of
power projection and energy initiatives that drive international
relations in the region. Topics include: grand strategy, arc of
instability, competing pipeline corridors, ethnic and confessional
strife, non-state actors operating in Macedonia, Serbia, Kosovo,
and Bulgaria.
Credit 1 unit.

U85 IA 5881 Israel and the Middle East
Places Israeli political issues and events within the context
of existing political theories. Discusses the politics and
ideology of pre-state Israel and the foundation of the state.
The creation of modern Israel political institutions, elections,
and government coalitions. Also, Israeli foreign policy and
international involvement. This is a fully online course. Only
University College students may receive credit for online
courses.
Credit 3 units.

U85 IA 5888 International Affairs Through Film
This seminar explores key topics in international affairs —
nuclear policy and brinkmanship, the Vietnam War and its
legacy, genocide, the failed-state syndrome, among others —
through the analysis of a series of films that dramatize major
events and epochs in our recent history. The "primary texts" will
be films such as Dr. Strangelove, Z, Hotel Rwanda, and The Fog
of War. They will be supplemented by related readings.
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAI

U85 IA 589 Topics in International Political Economy
This course is intended to provide a broad exploration of multiple
topics in the field of international political economy. We will draw
from the literature in international relations, comparative politics,
and economics to develop an understanding of international
politics. We will address the following topics: 1) politics of
international trade, 2) exchange policies and central banking, 3)
foreign aid and development, 4) financial crisis, 5) international
institutions, and 6) migration.
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAI

U85 IA 591 Islam and Muslim Societies in the World Order
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAA

U85 IA 5915 Problems in International Politics: The Sick-
State Syndrome
“Sick states” fail to function responsibly for both their citizens
and their fellow states. Afghanistan is the most recent example
of the phenomenon; we will also consider the disintegration of
Yugoslavia, the Lebanese civil war, and the political failures of
Somalia and Cambodia. Beginning with a general examination
of the international system and various styles of government, we
will identify the causes of state failure and the remedies offered
by governments and international organizations, and consider
why these remedies often fail. Finally, we will discuss the ways
countries may recover from their sick — and therefore often
threatening — condition. Readings will include recent journal
articles as well as books by Hans Morgenthau, Noam Chomsky,
Chalmers Johnson, Robert Kaplan, and others.
Credit 3 units. UColl: IAI