Mathematics and Statistics

Mathematics has always held a central position in the liberal arts, and over time it has also come to play an important role in more and more aspects of our lives. Mathematical analysis and modeling are involved in many areas far beyond the traditional association of mathematics with the physical sciences and engineering. This fact is reflected in the diversity of the students who study at least some mathematics during their time at Washington University — students who recognize the importance of quantitative skills in a world that becomes more and more technological.

Students major in mathematics for many reasons. Some are planning academic careers in mathematics or statistics that involve teaching or research. Others plan to work as actuaries or at other jobs in industry or government. Some plan careers in secondary education. Many majors do not intend to become "mathematicians" at all but simply realize that quantitative training is a valuable asset in many kinds of careers; often, work in mathematics or statistics is meant to complement their study in other areas. Still other majors just view mathematics as an interesting concentration in their liberal arts education, even though they plan to enter professional fields such as medicine or law.

The Mathematics and Statistics program gives majors and minors a broad introduction to the subject. Majors choose among several tracks to complete their study; these tracks add different emphases to their programs, reflecting individual interests or professional goals. Majors are encouraged to complete additional work (perhaps even a minor or a second major) in other related areas.

Contact: Blake Thornton
Phone: 314-935-6301
Email: bthornton@wustl.edu
Website: http://wumath.wustl.edu

Faculty

Chair
John E. McCarthy
Spencer T. Olin Professor of Mathematics
PhD, University of California, Berkeley
Analysis; operator theory; one and several complex variables

Directors
John Shareshian
Director of Undergraduate Studies; Professor of Mathematics
PhD, Rutgers University
Algebraic and topological combinatorics

Brett Wick
Director of Graduate Studies; Professor of Mathematics
PhD, Brown University
Complex analysis; harmonic analysis; operator theory; several complex variables

Endowed Professors
Soumendra Lahiri
Stanley A. Sawyer Professor

John E. McCarthy
Spencer T. Olin Professor of Mathematics
PhD, University of California, Berkeley
Analysis; operator theory; one and several complex variables

Rachel Roberts
Elinor Anheuser Professor of Mathematics
PhD, Cornell University
Low-dimensional topology

Professors
Quo-Shin Chi (https://math.wustl.edu/people/quo-shin-chi)
PhD, Stanford University
Differential geometry

Renato Feres (https://math.wustl.edu/people/renato-feres)
PhD, California Institute of Technology
Differential geometry; dynamical systems

José Figueroa-López (https://math.wustl.edu/people/jose-figueroa-lopez)
PhD, Georgia Institute of Technology
Statistics; probability and stochastic processes; mathematical finance

Matthew Kerr (https://math.wustl.edu/people/matthew-kerr)
PhD, Princeton University
Algebraic geometry; Hodge theory

Steven G. Krantz (https://math.wustl.edu/people/steven-g-krantz)
PhD, Princeton University
Several complex variables; geometric analysis

John Shareshian (https://math.wustl.edu/people/john-shareshian)
PhD, Rutgers University
Algebraic and topological combinatorics

Edward Spitznagel (https://math.wustl.edu/people/edward-spitznagel)
PhD, University of Chicago
Statistics; statistical computation; application of statistics to medicine

Xiang Tang (https://math.wustl.edu/people/xiang-tang)
PhD, University of California, Berkeley
Symplectic geometry; noncommutative geometry; mathematical physics
Brett Wick (https://math.wustl.edu/people/brett-wick)
PhD, Brown University
Complex analysis; harmonic analysis; operator theory; several complex variables

Mladen Victor Wickerhauser (https://math.wustl.edu/people/mladen-victor-wickerhauser)
PhD, Yale University
Harmonic analysis; wavelets; numerical algorithms for data compression

Associate Professors
Roya Beheshti Zavareh (https://math.wustl.edu/people/roya-beheshti-zavareh)
PhD, Massachusetts Institute of Technology
Algebraic geometry

Jimin Ding (https://math.wustl.edu/people/jimin-ding)
PhD, University of California, Davis
Statistics

Gregory Knese (https://math.wustl.edu/people/gregory-knese)
PhD, Washington University
Complex function theory; operators; harmonic analysis

Nan Lin (https://math.wustl.edu/people/nan-lin)
PhD, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign
Statistics

Jack Shapiro (https://math.wustl.edu/people/jack-shapiro)
PhD, City University of New York
Algebraic K-theory

Ari Stern (https://math.wustl.edu/people/ari-stern)
PhD, California Institute of Technology
Geometric numerical analysis; computational mathematics

Assistant Professors
Aliakbar Daemi
PhD, Indiana University Bloomington

Laura Escobar Vega (https://math.wustl.edu/people/laura-escobar-vega)
PhD, Cornell University
Combinatorics and algebraic geometry

Steven Frankel (https://math.wustl.edu/people/steven-frankel)
PhD, University of Cambridge
Geometric topology and dynamics

Todd Kuffner (https://math.wustl.edu/people/todd-kuffner)
PhD, Imperial College London
Statistics; likelihood; asymptotics; econometrics

Martha Precup (https://math.wustl.edu/people/martha-precup)
PhD, University of Notre Dame
Applications of Lie theory to algebraic geometry and the related combinatorics

Yanli Song (https://math.wustl.edu/people/yanli-song)
PhD, Pennsylvania State University
Noncommutative geometry; symplectic geometry; representation theory

Clark Harrison Way Visiting Professor
Kapil Paranjape

Professors Emeriti
William M. Boothby (https://math.wustl.edu/people/william-m-boothby)
PhD, University of Michigan
Differential geometry

Lawrence Conlon (https://math.wustl.edu/people/lawrence-conlon)
PhD, Harvard University
Differential topology

Ron Freiwald (https://math.wustl.edu/people/ron-freiwald)
PhD, University of Rochester
General topology

Gary R. Jensen (https://math.wustl.edu/people/gary-r-jensen)
PhD, University of California, Berkeley
Differential geometry

Robert McDowell (https://math.wustl.edu/people/robert-mcdowell)
PhD, Purdue University
General topology

Richard Rochberg
PhD, Harvard University
Complex analysis; interpolation theory

Guido L. Weiss (https://math.wustl.edu/people/guido-l-weiss)
PhD, University of Chicago
Interpolation of operators; harmonic analysis; Lie groups

Edward N. Wilson (https://math.wustl.edu/people/edward-n-wilson)
PhD, Washington University
Harmonic analysis; differential geometry

David Wright (https://math.wustl.edu/people/david-wright)
PhD, Columbia University
Affine algebraic geometry; polynomial automorphisms
William Chauvenet Postdoctoral Lecturer

Michael Landry (http://math.wustl.edu/people/michael-landry)
PhD, Yale University
Low-dimensional geometry and topology

Postdoctoral Lecturers

Meric Augat

Tyler Bongers (https://math.wustl.edu/people/tyler-bongers)
PhD, Michigan State University
Harmonic analysis; geometric measure theory; quasiconformal maps

Benjamin Cooper Boniece

Humberto Diaz

Nicholas Syring (https://math.wustl.edu/people/nicholas-syring)
PhD, University of Illinois at Chicago
Bayesian and Gibbs posterior inference; inferential models

Lecturers

Silas Johnson (https://math.wustl.edu/people/silas-johnson)
PhD, University of Wisconsin-Madison
Algebraic number theory; arithmetic statistics

Associate Director of Undergraduate Studies

Blake Thornton (https://math.wustl.edu/people/blake-thornton)
PhD, University of Utah
Geometric topology

Program Coordinator

Lisa M. Kuehne (https://math.wustl.edu/people/lisa-kuehne)
Program Coordinator, University College & Center for Advanced Learning
AM Mathematics, Washington University
Undergraduate mathematics education

Majors

The Major in Mathematics

All mathematics majors are required to complete the following courses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Math 131</td>
<td>Calculus I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 132</td>
<td>Calculus II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 233</td>
<td>Calculus III</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Units</td>
<td></td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In addition, each major is required to complete the courses in one of the following five tracks and to participate in a departmental exit interview shortly before graduation.

Traditional

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Math 3200</td>
<td>Elementary to Intermediate Statistics and Data Analysis</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Math 493</td>
<td>Probability</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 310</td>
<td>Foundations for Higher Mathematics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 4111 &amp; Math 4121</td>
<td>Introduction to Analysis and Introduction to Lebesgue Integration</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 429 &amp; Math 430</td>
<td>Linear Algebra and Modern Algebra</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Three additional upper-level mathematics electives, at least one of which must be at the 400 level</td>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total 27 upper-level mathematics units

Probability/Statistics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One course in computer science chosen from CSE 131, CSE 132, CSE 200 and CSE 247</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 309</td>
<td>Matrix Algebra</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 3200</td>
<td>Elementary to Intermediate Statistics and Data Analysis</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 310</td>
<td>Foundations for Higher Mathematics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 318</td>
<td>Introduction to Calculus of Several Variables</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Math 308</td>
<td>Mathematics for the Physical Sciences</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 493 &amp; Math 494</td>
<td>Probability and Mathematical Statistics</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two additional upper-level mathematics electives in the areas of probability or statistics</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total 24 upper-level mathematics units

Applied

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One course in computer science chosen from CSE 131, CSE 132, CSE 200 and CSE 247</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 217</td>
<td>Differential Equations</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 309</td>
<td>Matrix Algebra</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 3200</td>
<td>Elementary to Intermediate Statistics and Data Analysis</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Math 493</td>
<td>Probability</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 310</td>
<td>Foundations for Higher Mathematics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 318</td>
<td>Introduction to Calculus of Several Variables</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Math 308</td>
<td>Mathematics for the Physical Sciences</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 449 &amp; Math 450</td>
<td>Numerical Applied Mathematics and Topics in Applied Mathematics</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Two additional upper-level mathematics electives (the major track must include at least course chosen from Math 410, Math 415, Math 416 and Math 4111)

6

Total 24 upper-level mathematics units

Mathematics for Secondary Education

(This track also requires a major in secondary education.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>One course in computer science chosen from CSE 131, CSE 132, CSE 200 and CSE 247</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 309</td>
<td>Matrix Algebra</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 3200</td>
<td>Elementary to Intermediate Statistics and Data Analysis</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Math 493 Probability</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 310</td>
<td>Foundations for Higher Mathematics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 318</td>
<td>Introduction to Calculus of Several Variables</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Math 308 Mathematics for the Physical Sciences</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 302</td>
<td>Elementary Geometry from an Advanced Point of View</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 331</td>
<td>Algebraic Systems</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two additional upper-level mathematics electives</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total 24 upper-level mathematics units

Mathematics (Economics Emphasis)

Three economics courses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Econ 1011 and Econ 1021</td>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One Economics course chosen from Econ 4011, Econ 4151 and Econ 467</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Math 309</td>
<td>Matrix Algebra</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 3200</td>
<td>Elementary to Intermediate Statistics and Data Analysis</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Math 493 Probability</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 310</td>
<td>Foundations for Higher Mathematics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 4111 &amp; Math 4121 Introduction to Analysis &amp; Introduction to Lebesgue Integration</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Three additional upper-level courses chosen from Math 318, Math 429, Math 456 or any 400-level probability or statistics course. The major must include at least Math 493 or Math 429.</td>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total 24 upper-level mathematics units + 3 upper-level economics units

Notes Applying to All Major Tracks

1. Students who entered Washington University before fall 2015 should visit the Prior Bulletins (http://bulletin.wustl.edu/prior) section of this Bulletin to view the major requirements that were in place for the appropriate year of matriculation.

2. Upper-level mathematics courses are those with course numbers that begin with a "3" or higher (e.g., Math 3200). Lower-level courses do not count toward upper-level mathematics requirements, even if they are cross-listed as an upper-level course in another department or program. For example, if Math 2200 were cross-listed by another department as 3**, then registering for that 3*** course would not satisfy an upper-level mathematics requirement.

3. All required courses (both lower- and upper-level courses) must be completed with a grade of C- or better.

4. Math 318 Introduction to Calculus of Several Variables and Math 308 Mathematics for the Physical Sciences cannot both be used to fulfill major requirements.

5. Courses transferred from other accredited colleges and universities with department approval can be counted, with the following caveats:
   a. Courses transferred from a two-year college (e.g., a community college) cannot be used to satisfy upper-level requirements.
   b. At least half the upper-level units required in a major must be earned at Washington University or in a Washington University-approved Overseas Study program.
   c. Courses from University College cannot be used to fulfill major requirements.

6. At most 3 units for independent study or research work can count toward the major requirements.

7. No upper-level course used to satisfy a major requirement can be counted toward the requirements of any other major or minor (i.e., no double-counting of courses).

8. Certain approved substitutions are found on the department's webpage (https://math.wustl.edu/major-and-minor-details). However, in all cases, at most one substitution can be used that involves a course not home-based in the Department of Mathematics.

Additional Information

Independent Study: Majors with a plan for independent work or a research project may apply for independent study with a faculty member. Majors are encouraged (but not required) to consider a senior project or an honors project.

Graduation with Awards for Distinction or Latin Honors: The department offers the awards Distinction in Mathematics, High Distinction in Mathematics, and Highest Distinction in Mathematics. Recommendations for students to receive Latin Honors (which are awarded by the College of Arts & Sciences, not the department) are keyed to the requirements for the
Distinction Awards, as indicated below. In these requirements, the term \textit{regularly scheduled mathematics course} refers to a course that is home-based in the mathematics department (L24) and that is not an independent study or research course.

- **Core Course Work for all Distinction Awards (Core Course Work alone earns no award)**
  
  a. At least 3.65 grade-point average in upper-level mathematics (L24) courses
  
  b. Completion with grades of B or better (not B-) of the following:
     
     i. One of the course sequences Math 4111-4121, 429-430, 493-494 or 449-450 and
     
     ii. Three additional regularly-scheduled 400- or 500-level mathematics courses

- **Distinction in Mathematics. Awarded for Core Course Work plus the following:**
  
  a. Completion of one additional regularly-scheduled mathematics course at the 400 or 500 level with grade of B or better (not B-) or b. Passing the first actuarial exam (Exam P) from the Society of Actuaries

- **High Distinction in Mathematics. Awarded for Core Course Work plus satisfactory completion of an honors thesis.**

- **Highest Distinction in Mathematics. Awarded for Core Course Work plus satisfactory completion of an honors thesis plus one of the following:**
  
  a. Course work including the completion of at least one of the graduate sequences Math 5021-5022, 5031-5032, 5041-5042(3), 5051-5052 or 5061-5062 and passing the graduate qualifying exam for that course sequence, or
  
  b. Course work including all of the requirements for the department's Honors Program in Statistics

- **Latin Honors. For majors in the College of Arts & Sciences, the department will recommend that the AB degree be awarded with Latin Honors if the student has an overall GPA of 3.65, as required by the college, and the student has earned the department award of High or Highest Distinction. These majors must apply to the department for admission to Candidacy for Latin Honors by the end of their junior year. The level of Latin Honors (cum laude, magna cum laude or summa cum laude) is determined by the college as described in the Arts & Sciences Academic Honors & Awards section of this Bulletin.**

More details are available on the Department of Mathematics and Statistics website (https://math.wustl.edu).

**Study Abroad:** Students interested in a semester or year abroad studying mathematics intensively should consider the Budapest Semesters in Mathematics Program (http://www.budapestsemesters.com).

### The Major in Mathematics and Computer Science

The McKelvey School of Engineering and the College of Arts & Sciences (A&S) developed a new major that efficiently captures the intersection of the complementary studies of computer science and math.

McKelvey Engineering students who declare this major must fulfill the core course requirements listed below and all other requirements for the Applied Science degree (http://bulletin.wustl.edu/undergrad/engineering/requirements) in the McKelvey School of Engineering. They must also complete Engr 310 Technical Writing and 8 units of courses designated as NSM (Natural Sciences & Math) from Anthro (L48), Biol (L41), Chem (L07), E&P (L19), Phys (L31) or EnSt (L82).

A&S students who declare this major must fulfill the distribution requirements and all other requirements for an AB degree (http://bulletin.wustl.edu/undergrad/artsci/requirements) in addition to the specific requirements listed below.

#### Core Course Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Math 131</td>
<td>Calculus I (AP credit may satisfy this requirement)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 132</td>
<td>Calculus II (AP credit may satisfy this requirement)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 233</td>
<td>Calculus III</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSE 131</td>
<td>Introduction to Computer Science</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 310</td>
<td>Foundations for Higher Mathematics</td>
<td>3-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Math 310W</td>
<td>Foundations for Higher Mathematics with Writing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or CSE 240</td>
<td>Logic and Discrete Mathematics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSE 247</td>
<td>Data Structures and Algorithms</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 309</td>
<td>Matrix Algebra</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 3200</td>
<td>Elementary to Intermediate Statistics and Data Analysis</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or ESE 326</td>
<td>Probability and Statistics for Engineering</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSE 347</td>
<td>Analysis of Algorithms</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Electives

Eight upper-level courses from Math or CSE can be chosen from an approved list (https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/)...
Minors
The Minor in Mathematics

Units required: 24

Required courses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One course in computer science chosen from CSE 131, CSE 132, CSE 200 and CSE 247</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 131</td>
<td>Calculus I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 132</td>
<td>Calculus II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 233</td>
<td>Calculus III</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 309</td>
<td>Matrix Algebra</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 318</td>
<td>Introduction to Calculus of Several Variables</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Math 308</td>
<td>Mathematics for the Physical Sciences</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Math 3200</td>
<td>Elementary to Intermediate Statistics and Data Analysis</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or Math 493</td>
<td>Probability</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One additional upper-level (300- or 400-level) elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Units 24

Additional Information

1. Students who entered Washington University before fall 2015 should visit the Prior Bulletins (http://bulletin.wustl.edu/prior) section of this Bulletin to view the minor requirements that were in place for the appropriate year of matriculation. These requirements can also be found from the department’s undergraduate webpage (https://math.wustl.edu/major-and-minor-details).

2. All required courses (both lower- and upper-level courses) must be completed with a letter grade of C- or better.

3. Math 318 and Math 308 cannot both be used to fulfill minor requirements.

4. Courses transferred from other accredited colleges and universities with department approval can be counted, with the following caveats:
   a. Courses transferred from a two-year college (e.g., a community college) cannot be used to satisfy upper-level requirements.
   b. At least 6 of the upper-level units required in a minor must be earned at Washington University or in a Washington University-approved Overseas Study Program.
   c. Courses from University College cannot be used to fulfill minor requirements.

5. No upper-level course used to satisfy a minor requirement can be counted toward the requirements of any other major or minor (i.e., no double-counting of courses).

6. At least three of the four upper-level courses required in the minor must be courses that are home-based in the mathematics and statistics department. One approved course from another department may be substituted. Approved substitutions can be found on the department webpage (https://math.wustl.edu/major-and-minor-details).

Courses


L24 Math 100 Foundations for Calculus
A limited enrollment class for students planning to take calculus but who need additional precalculus preparation. The course aims to build both the technical skills and the conceptual understanding needed to succeed in calculus. Course emphasizes links between the graphical, numeric and algebraic viewpoints. A variety of approaches are used to present the material. Prerequisites: two years of high school algebra. Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM

L24 Math 1011 Introduction to Statistics
Basic concepts of statistics. Data collection (sampling, designing experiments), data organization (tables, graphs, frequency distributions, numerical summarization of data), statistical inference (elementary probability and hypothesis testing). Prerequisite: two years of high school algebra. Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM, AN; Arch: NSM; Art: NSM

L24 Math 109 Mathematics and Music

L24 Math 131 Calculus I
Derivatives of algebraic, trigonometric and transcendental functions, techniques of differentiation, Mean Value Theorem, applications of the derivative. The definite integral and Fundamental Theorem of Calculus. Areas. Simpler integration
techniques. Prerequisites: high-school algebra and precalculus, including trigonometry.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM. AN Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 132 Calculus II
Continuation of Math 131. A brief review of the definite integral and Fundamental Theorem of Calculus. Techniques of integration, applications of the integral, sequences and series, Taylor polynomials and series, and some material on differential equations. Prerequisite: Math 131 or a B or better in a one-year high school calculus course, or permission of the department.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM. AN Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 139A Real Mathematical Applications: Solving Problems with Calculus I
This is a 1-credit course that can only be taken concurrently with Math 131 Calculus I. The purpose of the course is to show how mathematics can solve real-world problems and how calculus dramatically expands the range of problems that can be tackled. Each class will be devoted to the analysis of some problems, which may include dimensional analysis, the mathematics of convolys, Fibonacci numbers, fractals, linear regression, Euclid's algorithm, Stein's algorithm, network capacities, Braess's paradox, Galton's approach to surnames, how genes spread through populations, and the SIR model of infectious diseases. The first few classes will not use differentiation. Must be taken concurrently with Math 131. Course enrollment preference is given to first-year students.
Credit 1 unit. A&S: FYO Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 203 Honors Mathematics I
This is the first half of a one-year calculus sequence for first year students with a strong interest in mathematics with an emphasis on rigor and proofs. The course begins at the beginning but assumes the students have already studied the material from a more "mechanical" view. Students who complete both semesters will have completed the material Calc III and other topics that may let them move through the upper-level math curriculum more quickly. Sets, functions, real numbers, and methods of proof. The Riemann-Darboux integral, limits and continuity, differentiation, and the fundamental theorems of calculus. Sequences and series of real numbers and of functions. Vector spaces and linear maps. Prerequisite: Score of 5 on the AP Calculus Exam, BC version, or the equivalent.
Credit 4 units. A&S IQ: NSM, AN

L24 Math 204 Honors Mathematics II
Matrices, linear systems, and determinants. Eigenvalues and eigenvectors, diagonalization, and the spectral theorem. Scalar and vector fields, differential and integral calculus of several variables, and the fundamental theorems of Green, Gauss, and Stokes. Restricted to first year students who have completed Math 203 in the fall semester. Math 204 can replace Math 233 in major/minor requirements.
Credit 4 units. A&S IQ: NSM, AN Art: NSM

L24 Math 217 Differential Equations
Introduction to ordinary differential equations: first-order equations, linear equations, systems of equations, series solutions, Laplace transform methods, numerical solutions. Prerequisite: Math 233 or Math 233 concurrently.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM, AN Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 220 Finite Mathematics
Topics from discrete mathematics will be explored with an emphasis on problem-solving and methods of proofs. Modules on counting; combinatorial tools; binomial coefficients and Pascal's triangle; Fibonacci numbers; combinatorial probability; integers, divisors and primes; and graphs will be covered as well as additional topics as time permits. Addressed mainly to college freshmen and sophomores; it would also be suitable to advanced high school students with an interest in mathematics. Prerequisites: A good understanding of high school mathematics.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM, AN Art: NSM

L24 Math 2200 Elementary Probability and Statistics
An elementary introduction to statistical concepts, reasoning and data analysis. Topics include statistical summaries and graphical presentations of data, discrete and continuous random variables, the logic of statistical inference, design of research studies, point and interval estimation, hypothesis testing, and linear regression. Students will learn a critical approach to reading statistical analyses reported in the media, and how to correctly interpret the outputs of common statistical routines for fitting models to data and testing hypotheses. A major objective of the course is to gain familiarity with basic R commands to implement common data analysis procedures. Students intending to pursue a major or minor in mathematics or wishing to take 400-level or above statistics courses should instead take Math 3200. Prerequisite: Math 131.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM, AN Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 226 Math for Elementary School Teachers
A review of elementary school mathematics at a level beyond its usual presentation in the schools. Applications of all concepts are given in abundance. Restricted to majors in Elementary Education. Prerequisite: two years of high school mathematics.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM, AN Art: NSM

L24 Math 302 Elementary Geometry from an Advanced Point of View
A rigorous modern treatment of Euclidean geometry and an introduction to non-Euclidean geometry. Prerequisite: Math 310 or permission of instructor.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 308 Mathematics for the Physical Sciences
Continuation of Math 233 emphasizing topics of interest in the physical sciences. Topics in multivariable and vector calculus (div, grad, curl); line, surface integrals and connections to electromagnetism; Fourier series and integrals; boundary value problems (diffusion and wave equations); additional topics if time permits. Students may not receive credit toward a math major or minor for both Math 308 and Math 318. Prerequisite: Math 233 and 217, or permission of instructor.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM BU: SCI
L24 Math 309 Matrix Algebra
An introductory course in linear algebra that focuses on Euclidean n-space, matrices and related computations. Topics include: systems of linear equations, row reduction, matrix operations, determinants, linear independence, dimension, rank, change of basis, diagonalization, eigenvalues, eigenvectors, orthogonality, symmetric matrices, least square approximation, quadratic forms. Introduction to abstract vector spaces. Prerequisite: Math 132. Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM, AN Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 310W Foundations for Higher Mathematics with Writing
Refer to the description for Math 310. Math 310W is a writing-intensive version of Math 310. Students participate in the regular Math 310 lectures and are responsible for all the exams and assignments associated with Math 310. Students in Math 310W have one additional meeting each week to deal with writing issues. At least three papers (four to five pages in length) are required, each with at least one revision. Prerequisite: Math 233 or permission of instructor. Credit 4 units. A&S IQ: NSM, WI

L24 Math 312 Differential Equations and Dynamical Systems
Qualitative theory of ordinary differential equations. Picard’s existence and uniqueness theorem, the phase plane, Poincare-Bendixon theory, stationary points, attractors and repellors, graphical methods. Physical applications, including chaos, are indicated. Prerequisite: Math 217. Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 318 Introduction to Calculus of Several Variables
Selected topics for functions of several variables involving some matrix algebra and presented at a level of rigor intermediate between that of Calculus III and higher-level analysis courses. Students may not receive credit toward a mathematics major or minor for both Math 308 and 318. Prerequisites: Math 233 and Math 309. Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 3200 Elementary to Intermediate Statistics and Data Analysis
An introduction to probability and statistics. Major topics include elementary probability, special distributions, experimental design, exploratory data analysis, estimation of mean and proportion, hypothesis testing and confidence, regression, and analysis of variance. Emphasis is placed on development of statistical reasoning, basic analytic skills, and critical thinking in empirical research studies. The use of the statistical software R is integrated into lectures and weekly assignments. Required for students pursuing a major or minor in mathematics or wishing to take 400-level or above statistics courses. Prerequisite: Math 132. Though Math 233 is not essential, it is recommended. Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM, AN Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 322 Biostatistics
A second course in elementary statistics with applications to life sciences and medicine. Review of basic statistics using biological and medical examples. New topics include incidence and prevalence, medical diagnosis, sensitivity and specificity, Bayes’ rule, decision making, maximum likelihood, logistic regression, ROC curves and survival analysis. Prerequisites: Math 3200, or a strong performance in Math 2200 and permission of the instructor. Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 331 Algebraic Systems
Polynomials, binomial expansions, factoring, rings (integers and polynomials), unique factorization, and other topics relevant to the high school curriculum. Designed for future secondary school teachers and other students looking for a course in algebra at a less abstract level than Math 430. Prerequisite: Math 310 or permission of instructor. Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 3351 Elementary Theory of Numbers
Divisibility properties of integers, congruences, quadratic reciprocity, Diophantine equations. Introduction to continued fractions and a brief discussion of public key cryptography. Prerequisite: Math 310 or permission of instructor. Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 350 Topics in Applied Mathematics
Topics change with each offering of the course. Past topics have included "Mathematics and Multimedia," "The Mathematics and Chemistry of Reaction-Diffusion Systems," "Mathematical Biology," and "Simulation Analysis of Random Processes" and "Introduction to Monte Carlo Methods." Prerequisites will vary but always include at least Math 233, Math 309 and basic programming skills in some language. Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 370 Introduction to Combinatorics
Basics of enumeration (combinations, permutations and enumeration of functions between finite sets), generating functions; the inclusion-exclusion principle, partition theory and introductory graph theory. As time permits, additional topics may include Ramsey’s Theorem, probabilistic methods in combinatorics and algebraic methods in combinatorics. Prerequisites: Math 132, 309 and 310, or permission of the instructor. Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 371 Graph Theory
Introduction to graph theory including the basic definitions and theorems and some more advanced topics that drive much current research in graph theory: Ramsey’s Theorem, random graph theory and, if time permits, Szemeredi’s regularity lemma. Graphs are studied as abstract objects; however, graph theory is also of interest to applied mathematicians because graphs are natural models for networks (social, electric). Prerequisite: Math 310 or a roughly equivalent course, or permission of instructor. Students should know what a proof is and how to produce
L24 Math 400 Undergraduate Independent Study
Approval of instructor required.
Credit variable, maximum 3 units.

L24 Math 403C Mathematical Logic I
A first course in mathematical logic, an introduction to both proof
theory and model theory. The structure and properties of first-
order logic are studied in detail, with attention to such notions
as axiomatic theory, proof, model, completeness, compactness
and decidability. Prerequisite: Phil 301G or equivalent, or a
background in mathematics.
Same as L30 Phil 403
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: HUM Art: HUM BU: HUM

L24 Math 404C Mathematical Logic II
Godel's Incompleteness Theorem: its proof, its consequences,
its reverberations. Prerequisite: Phil 403 or a strong background
in mathematics.
Same as L30 Phil 404
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: HUM Art: HUM

L24 Math 406 Topics in Analysis, Stochastic Differential
Equations
The course considers the construction of specific orthonormal
bases for the Hilbert spaces L^2(R^n). We look at the Fourier
series bases in L^2([0,1]), which are then used for the
construction of two types of orthonormal bases in the more
general setting of R^n: wavelets and Gabor bases. Some
aspects of extensions to other Hilbert spaces are considered. In
general, these bases are used to analyze "signals" or functions
on R^n having either real or complex values, and they should
be "efficient" in some sense. We look at the types of efficiency
that are most useful in several types of application in sciences
and engineering. Prerequisites: Math 233, 309, and 310, or
permission of instructor. In particular, students are expected to
understand derivatives and Riemann integration; topics related
to the more general Lebesgue integral are discussed as needed.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM

L24 Math 407 An Introduction to Differential Geometry
A study of properties of curves and surfaces in 3-dimensional
Euclidean space. The course is essentially a modern recounting
of a seminal paper of Gauss. Prerequisites: Math 233 and Math
309.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM

L24 Math 408 Nonparametric Statistics
Statistical methods that make few or no assumptions about
the data distribution. Permutation tests of different types;
nonparametric confidence intervals and correlation coefficients;
jackknife and bootstrap resampling; nonparametric regressions.
If there is time, topics chosen from density estimation and
kernel regression. Short computer programs will be written in a
language like R or C. Prerequisites: CS&E 131 or 200, Math 3200
and Math 493, or permission of instructor.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 410 Introduction to Fourier Series and Integrals
The basic theory of Fourier series and Fourier integrals including
different types of convergence. Applications to certain differential
equations. Prerequisites: Math 233 and Math 309.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM

L24 Math 411 Introduction to Analysis
The real number system and the least upper-bound
property; metric spaces (completeness, compactness
and connectedness); continuous functions (in R^n; on
compact spaces; on connected spaces); C(X) (pointwise and
uniform convergence; Weierstrass approximation theorem);
differentiation (mean value theorem; Taylor's theorem); the
contraction mapping theorem; the inverse and implicit function
theorems. Prerequisite: Math 310 or permission of instructor.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM

L24 Math 4121 Introduction to Lebesgue Integration
Riemann integration; measurable functions; measures;
Lebesgue measure; the Lebesgue integral; integrable functions;
L^p spaces; modes of convergence; decomposition of measures;
product measures. Prerequisite: Math 411 or permission of the
instructor.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 415 Partial Differential Equations
Introduction to the theory of PDE's with applications to selected
classical problems in physics and engineering. Linear and
quasilinear first-order equations, derivation of some of the
classical PDE's of physics, and standard solution techniques
for boundary and initial value problems. Preliminary topics such
as orthogonal functions, Fourier series and variational methods
introduced as needed. Prerequisites: Math 217 and Math 309, or
permission of instructor.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM

L24 Math 416 Complex Variables
Analytic functions, elementary functions and their properties, line
integrals, the Cauchy integral formula, power series, residues,
poles, conformal mapping and applications. Prerequisites: Math
318, Math 308 or ESE 317, or permission of instructor.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 4171 Topology I
An introduction to the most important ideas of topology.
Course includes necessary ideas from set theory, topological
spaces, subspaces, products and quotients, compactness and
connectedness. Some time is also devoted to the particular
case of metric spaces (including topics such as separability,
completeness, complements, the Baire Category Theorem, and
equivalents of compactness in metric spaces). Prerequisite:
Math 310 or permission of instructor.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM

L24 Math 418 Introduction to Topology and Modern Analysis
II
Continuation of Math 417. May include some algebraic topology
(depending on material covered in 417). Prerequisite: Math 417.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Art: NSM
L24 Math 4181 Topology II
A continuation of Math 4171 featuring more advanced topics in topology. The content may vary with each offering. Prerequisite: Math 4171, or permission of instructor. Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 420 Experimental Design
A first course in the design and analysis of experiments, from the point of view of regression. Factorial, randomized block, split-plot, Latin square, and similar design. Prerequisite: CSE 131 or 200, Math 3200, or permission of instructor. Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 429 Linear Algebra
Introduction to the linear algebra of finite-dimensional vector spaces. Includes systems of equations, matrices, determinants, inner product spaces, spectral theory. Prerequisite: Math 310 or permission of instructor. Math 309 is not an explicit prerequisite but students already should be familiar with such basic topics from matrix theory as matrix operations, linear systems, row reduction and Gaussian elimination. Material on these topics in early chapters of the text are covered very quickly. Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 430 Modern Algebra
Introduction to groups, rings and fields. Includes permutation groups, group and ring homomorphisms, field extensions, connections with linear algebra. Prerequisite: Math 429 or permission of instructor. Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 434 Survival Analysis
Life table analysis and testing, mortality and failure rates, Kaplan-Meier or product-limit estimators, hypothesis testing and estimation in the presence of random arrivals and departures, and the Cox proportional hazards model. Techniques of survival analysis are used in medical research, industrial planning and the insurance industry. Prerequisites: CSE 131 or 200, Math 309 and 3200, or permission of instructor. Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 4351 Number Theory and Cryptography
The course covers many of the basics of elementary number theory, providing a base from which to approach modern algebra, algebraic number theory and analytic number theory. It also introduces one of the most important real-world applications of mathematics, namely the use of number theory and algebraic geometry in public key cryptography. Topics from number theory involve divisibility (Euclidean algorithm, primes, Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic), congruences (modular arithmetic, Chinese Remainder Theorem, primality testing and factorization). Topics from cryptography include RSA encryption, Diffie-Hellman key exchange and elliptic curve cryptography. Topics about algebraic numbers may be included if time permits. Prerequisites: Math 233, 309 and 310 (or permission of instructor). Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM

L24 Math 436 Algebraic Geometry
Introduction to affine and projective algebraic varieties; the Zariski topology; regular and rational mappings; simple and singular points; divisors and differential forms; genus; the Riemann-Roch theorem. Prerequisites: Math 318, Math 429 and Math 430, or permission of the instructor. Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 439 Linear Statistical Models
Review of basic linear models relevant for the course; generalized linear models including logistic and Poisson regression (heterogeneous variance structure, quasilikelihood); linear mixed-effects models (estimation of variance components, maximum likelihood estimation, restricted maximum likelihood, generalized estimating equations), generalized linear mixed-effects models for discrete data, models for longitudinal data, optional multivariate models as time permits. The computer software R will be used for examples and homework problems. Implementation in SAS will be mentioned for several specialized models. Prerequisites: Math 429 and a course in linear algebra (such as Math 309 or 429), or consent of instructor. Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 449 Numerical Applied Mathematics
Computer arithmetic, error propagation, condition number and stability; mathematical modeling, approximation and convergence; roots of functions; calculus of finite differences; implicit and explicit methods for initial value and boundary value problems; numerical integration; numerical solution of linear systems, matrix equations and eigensystems; Fourier transforms; optimization. Various software packages may be introduced and used. Prerequisites: CSE 200 or CSE 131 (or other computer background with permission of the instructor); Math 217 and Math 309. Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 450 Topics in Applied Mathematics
Topic may vary with each offering of the course. Prerequisites: CSE 131 (or 200) and Math 449, or permission of the instructor. Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 459 Bayesian Statistics
Introduces the Bayesian approach to statistical inference for data analysis in a variety of applications. Topics include: comparison of Bayesian and frequentist methods, Bayesian model specification, choice of priors, computational methods such as rejection sampling, and stochastic simulation (Markov chain Monte Carlo), empirical Bayes method, hands-on Bayesian data analysis using appropriate software. Prerequisites: Math 493 and either Math 3200 or 494, or permission of the instructor. Some programming experience such as CSE 131 is also helpful (consult with the instructor). Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM
L24 Math 460 Multivariate Statistical Analysis
A modern course in multivariate statistics. Elements of classical multivariate analysis as needed, including multivariate normal and Wishart distributions. Clustering; principal component analysis. Model selection and evaluation; prediction error; variable selection; stepwise regression; regularized regression. Cross-validation. Classification; linear discriminant analysis. Tree-based methods. Time permitting, optional topics may include nonparametric density estimation, multivariate regression, support vector machines, and random forests. Prerequisite: multivariable calculus (Math 233), linear or matrix algebra (Math 429 or Math 309), multivariable-calculus-based probability and mathematical statistics (Math 493, Math 494) and linear models (Math 439). Prior knowledge of R at the level introduced in Math 439 is assumed.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 461 Time Series Analysis
Time series data types; autocorrelation; stationarity and nonstationarity; autoregressive moving average models; model selection methods; bootstrap confidence intervals; trend and seasonality; forecasting; nonlinear time series; filtering and smoothing; autoregressive conditional heteroscedasticity models; multivariate time series; vector autoregression; frequency domain; spectral density; state-space models; Kalman filter. Emphasis on real-world applications and data analysis using statistical software. Prerequisites: Math 493 and either Math 3200 or 494; or permission of the instructor. Some programming experience may also be helpful (consult with the instructor).
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM

L24 Math 462 Mathematical Foundations of Big Data
Mathematical foundations of data science. Core topics include: probability in high dimensions; curses and blessings of dimensionality; concentration of measure; matrix concentration inequalities. Essentials of random matrix theory. Randomized numerical linear algebra. Data clustering. Depending on time and interests, additional topics will be chosen from: compressive sensing; efficient acquisition of data; sparsity; low-rank matrix recovery. Divide, conquer and combine methods. Elements of topological data analysis; point cloud; Cech complex; persistent homology. Selected aspects of high-dimensional computational geometry and dimension reduction; embeddings; Johnson-Lindenstrauss; sketching; random projections. Diffusion maps; manifold learning; intrinsic geometry of massive data sets. Optimization and stochastic gradient descent. Random graphs and complex networks. Combinatorial group testing. Prerequisite: multivariable calculus (Math 233), linear or matrix algebra (Math 429 or 309), and multivariable-calculus-based probability and mathematical statistics (Math 493-494). Prior familiarity with analysis, topology, and geometry is strongly recommended. A willingness to learn new mathematics as needed is essential.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 469 Linear Algebra in Combinatorics
Many problems in combinatorics can be solved in surprising ways using linear algebra. The course will consider several types of problems to which linear algebra methods can be applied, reviewing some prerequisite ideas from linear algebra (and perhaps learning some new ones) along the way. Prerequisites: Math 310 and Math 429, or permission of instructor.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM

L24 Math 470 Analytic Combinatorics
Analytic combinatorics is the study of large structured combinatorial configurations. The course will be broken into two components. First, generating functions will be used to encapsulate counting sequences and their recurrence structures with a formal power series. Second, analytic methods will be used to obtain the precise asymptotic behavior of counting sequences. The informal prerequisites are: familiarity with basic discrete math objects: sets, permutations, combinations, graphs; power series; mathematical maturity (e.g., the ability to write rigorous proofs and to absorb new definitions quickly). Formal Prerequisites: Math 310.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM

L24 Math 475 Statistical Computation
Introduction to modern computational statistics. Pseudo-random number generators; inverse transform and rejection sampling. Monte Carlo approximation. Nonparametric bootstrap procedures for bias and variance estimation; bootstrap confidence intervals. Markov chain Monte Carlo methods; Gibbs and Metropolis-Hastings sampling; tuning and convergence diagnostics. Cross-validation. Time permitting, optional topics include numerical analysis in R, density estimation, permutation tests, subsampling, and graphical models. Prior knowledge of R at the level used in Math 494 is required. Prerequisite: Math 233, 309, 493, 494 (not concurrently); acquaintance with fundamentals of programming in R.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 493 Probability
Mathematical theory and application of probability at the advanced undergraduate level; a calculus based introduction to probability theory. Topics include the computational basics of probability theory, combinatorial methods, conditional probability including Bayes’ theorem, random variables and distributions, expectations and moments, the classical distributions, and the central limit theorem. Prerequisites: Math 233. Math 318 or Math 308 is recommended.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 494 Mathematical Statistics
Theory of estimation, minimum variance and unbiased estimators, maximum likelihood theory, Bayesian estimation, prior and posterior distributions, confidence intervals for general estimators, standard estimators and distributions such as the Student-t and F-distribution from a more advanced viewpoint, hypothesis testing, the Neymann-Pearson Lemma (about best possible tests), linear models, and other topics as time permits. Prerequisites: CSE 131 or 200, Math 3200 and 493, or permission of the instructor.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 495 Stochastic Processes
Content varies with each offering of the course. Past offerings have included such topics as random walks, Markov chains, Gaussian processes, empirical processes, Markov jump processes and a short introduction to martingales, Brownian motion and stochastic integrals. Prerequisites: Math 318 and Math 493, or permission of instructor.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Arch: NSM Art: NSM
L24 Math 496 Topics in Statistics
Topic varies with each offering.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 496A Topics in Algebra, Combinatorial Optimization
Topic varies with each offering.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM

L24 Math 497 Linear Representations of Finite Group and Lie Groups
An introduction to the theory of group representations and some of its applications. Topics include: general facts about group and linear algebra; linear representations of finite and compact groups; Lie groups and Lie algebras; applications to partial differential equations and quantum theory. Prerequisites: Math 309 and 318 or permission from the instructor.
Credit 3 units. A&S IQ: NSM Art: NSM

L24 Math 499 Study for Honors
Prerequisites: junior or senior standing, eligibility for honors work in mathematics and permission of the department's director of undergraduate studies.
Credit 3 units. Art: NSM