Undergraduate Study

Class Size

Nearly three-fourths of Washington University’s undergraduate classes range from one to 24 students. We believe smaller classes help students learn more through stimulating group discussion. Class size also depends on the department and pedagogy, with class sizes generally being larger in the earlier stages of the curriculum and becoming smaller as students progress in their chosen fields.

Average Class Sizes by Level

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class Size</th>
<th>L-100</th>
<th>L-200</th>
<th>L-300</th>
<th>L-400</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-10</td>
<td>167</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>126</td>
<td>129</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11-24</td>
<td>268</td>
<td>142</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>156</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25-39</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40-64</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65-100</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101-200</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 200</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>560</td>
<td>322</td>
<td>505</td>
<td>375</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Teaching and Learning at Washington University: A Statement of Best Practices and Expectations

Undergraduate Council
November 10, 1999
Teaching Subcommittee of the Undergraduate Council
Walter Chan and Robert E. Hegel, Co-Chairs

Amended statements endorsed by the Undergraduate Council on February 2, 2010, and November 2, 2015.

All members of the Washington University community share responsibility for creating an atmosphere conducive to learning. A collaborative learning environment involves the active participation of both instructors and students in the classroom and in activities outside the classroom. This environment requires:

- best efforts on the part of both faculty and students to enhance the learning experience for the benefit of all persons involved;
- recognizing that everyone present plays an important role; that all participants in the learning experience deserve respect for what they contribute; and that both faculty and students be sensitive to the importance of the others in this process;
- an atmosphere that embraces multiple identities in the classroom by demonstrating mutual respect for all persons regardless of political, racial, ethnic, religious, gender, sexual orientation, age, disability, socioeconomic or veteran status.

In response to changing classroom dynamics, we, the Undergraduate Council, make the following recommendations:

Expectations and responsibilities of the faculty

The faculty member is involved in several major roles, including those of teacher, scholar-researcher, and citizen in the university. For the unimpeded performance of these functions, the faculty member is guaranteed academic freedom. At the same time, the faculty member has clear responsibilities to the students and to the institution, particularly in the faculty member’s role as teacher. Instructors should provide the basic outlines for the learning experience and provide guidance as appropriate, generally in the form of a handout or easily accessible electronic document. Such guidance should normally involve:

- presenting a syllabus that:
  - identifies the goals of the course and its prerequisites, a schedule of major assignments and examinations, and explicit criteria for how student work will be evaluated;
  - articulates ground rules for classroom interaction and consequences for infringement (How much active participation is expected of the student? Is attendance required? Is it acceptable to eat during class? What are the guidelines for collaboration inside and outside of the classroom?);
  - establishes behavior expectations for the class, including respecting every member, listening and engaging;
  - makes clear expectations for technology use during class;
  - includes links to information about inclusion and diversity, bias reporting, and accommodations based upon sexual assault and mental health;
  - reminding students of and upholding the university’s standards for academic integrity;
  - bringing new perspectives and insights to assigned readings and other text materials;
  - conducting classroom and one-on-one interactions in keeping with the university’s guidelines on diversity and inclusion;
  - regularly meeting and punctuality in starting and dismissing class;
  - prompt and responsible grading (including midterms), with evaluative comments and opportunities for students to discuss their grades with the faculty member;
  - adherence to the announced office-hour schedule and offering as many avenues as possible for contact, including by online venue, telephone or email;
  - using appropriate, relevant technology both inside and outside of the classroom to enhance communication between faculty and students;
  - uploading course materials and sending emails or other notifications in a timely manner;
environment conducive to learning. Students should personally:

- share with the instructor the responsibility for providing an
- take responsibility for their own learning. Students

Expectations and responsibilities of the students

- actively engage in learning the material and with the process of
- use the course materials, faculty expertise, and expectations
- attend all classes, both lecture and discussion sessions,
- be punctual in completing assignments;
- behave in the classroom in a manner that demonstrates
- adhere to the instructor’s expectations for the use of
- share responsibility for the flow of information concerning
- be familiar with and adhere to matters of academic integrity

Learning outside the classroom

Students and instructors should consult at the beginning of the

Special student concerns

Students should take the initiative to inform the faculty of anticipated

Responsibilities of the university administration

For its part, the university administration must:

Where to get help
For instructors: The departmental chair or associate chair, the Teaching Center, colleagues, and the relevant dean’s office offer very useful advice on teaching techniques, materials and methods.

For students: The instructor, the AIs, and the Learning Center (https://learningcenter.wustl.edu/) can be counted on for guidance on best learning techniques and practices. The Writing Center (http://writingcenter.wustl.edu) can be a very helpful resource for all levels of written assignments from concept identification and document structuring through final paper editing.

Should a student concern occur, the general process of communication and request for assistance, guidance, and problem resolution is as follows:

1. Raise the concern with the faculty member.
2. If resolution has not been achieved, raise the concern with the associate chair or department chair.
3. If resolution has not been achieved, raise the concern with the student’s advisor(s).

Concerns and/or disagreements that have not been resolved by this process can be addressed to the faculty-student mediator.

If the student has a concern related to discrimination or harassment, the University Policy on Discrimination and Harassment (http://hr.wustl.edu/policies/Pages/DiscriminationAndHarassment.aspx) provides additional information about resources and options.

10/30/2015

**Academic Standing**

The faculty of the school in which a student is enrolled determines the academic standing of that student. Each school, as appropriate to their respective degree requirements, considers the following key performance indicators to determine whether a student remains in good academic standing:

- Minimum semester and cumulative GPA of 2.0 (i.e., minimum required to graduate);
- Satisfactory progress in units completed, typically 12 per semester;
- Progress in the focused area of study, as defined by school (e.g., major requirements).

Failure to maintain the above indicators may cause a student to be placed into one of the academic standing categories described below, which is a signal that minimum standards for graduating are not being met. Unless a student demonstrates improvement, thereby indicating their ability to fulfill degree requirements within a reasonable period of time, the student may be dismissed from the university. Each school will determine the appropriate standards and actions for students to take, respective to each status:

**Academic Concern**

Any of the following performance indicators at the end of a semester will cause the student’s standing to be reviewed and may cause the student to be placed on Academic Concern:

- Receiving an incomplete (first occurrence and all subsequent occurrences)
- Earning a semester GPA of less than 2.0 (first occurrence)
- Earning fewer than a total of 12 units in a regular semester (first occurrence)

While a student placed on Academic Concern remains in good academic standing, this status is a signal to the student that academic performance is below minimum standards and, if continued, will likely cause the student to fall out of good standing. This status is not noted on the official transcript; since it does not cause the student to fall out of good standing, it will not be incorporated into enrollment verifications requesting confirmation of academic standing.

**Academic Notice**

Any of the following performance indicators at the end of a semester will cause the student’s standing to be reviewed and may cause the student to be placed on Academic Notice:

- Cumulative GPA of less than 2.0 (first occurrence and all subsequent occurrences)
- Semester GPA of less than 2.0 (second occurrence and all subsequent occurrences)
- Earning fewer than a total of 12 units in a regular semester (second occurrence and all subsequent occurrences)
- School-specific requirements:
  - Olin students earning a professional GPA of less than 2.0 (all business courses)
  - Arts & Sciences students earning below a C- in any major-related course

If the performance indicators contributing to the status of Academic Notice are raised above the threshold (e.g., by the resolution of an incomplete grade or the change of a final grade), the status may be reconsidered.

Academic Notice status indicates that a student is not in good academic standing. Although this status is not noted on the official transcript, it will be incorporated into enrollment verifications requesting confirmation of a student’s standing.

**Academic Time Away**

Any of the following performance indicators at the end of a semester will cause the student’s standing to be reviewed and may cause the student to be placed on Academic Time Away, which is a pause in enrollment at Washington University:

- Any third time a student becomes eligible for Academic Notice
- Any second sequential semester a student becomes eligible for Academic Notice (These are typically the fall and spring semesters, since most students do not enroll in summer classes. However, if a student does enroll in summer classes after a spring semester after which they were placed on Academic Notice, their performance will be reviewed.)
- Any semester in which student earns no degree credit
Academic Time Away status indicates that a student is not in good academic standing. Because this status is marked by a break in enrollment, this status is noted on the official transcript. The terms of the Time Away are determined by the student’s school.

**Transfer Credit Policy**

In order to be eligible for transfer articulation, courses taken from another institution — whether taken before matriculation or after matriculation as preapproved domestic or study abroad enrollment — must meet the following criteria:

- Be offered and transcripted by a fully accredited institution of higher education (either according to U.S. Department of Education standards or by the appropriate national ministry of education for non-U.S. institutions);
- Have a quality final grade of C or better;
- Be offered in a subject matter/discipline taught at Washington University and at a level by which college/university credit would normally be awarded;
- Not be applied to high school graduation requirements;
- Be taught on the campus of a college or university and enrolled in primarily by duly matriculated college students (i.e., high school graduates); and
- Not be taken while a student is on suspension for violation of Academic Integrity or Student Code of Conduct policies.

Schools may have additional specific criteria about requirement areas that cannot be fulfilled with transfer credit (i.e., that can only be fulfilled by the completion of Washington University courses) as well as limits on the number of transferred credits that may apply to degree requirements or be taken during a summer term. Please review the school academic policy sections for details.