## Washington University in St. Louis

## **Undergraduate Study**

#### **Policies & Guidelines**

## **Academic Standing**

The faculty of the school in which a student is enrolled determines the academic standing of that student. Each school, as appropriate to their respective degree requirements, considers the following key performance indicators to determine whether a student remains in good academic standing:

- Minimum semester and cumulative GPA of 2.0 (i.e., minimum required to graduate);
- Satisfactory progress in units completed, typically 12 per semester;
- Progress in the focused area of study, as defined by school (e.g., major requirements).

Failure to maintain the above indicators may cause a student to be placed into one of the academic standing categories described below, which is a signal that minimum standards for graduating are not being met. Unless a student demonstrates improvement, thereby indicating their ability to fulfill degree requirements within a reasonable period of time, the student may be dismissed from the university. Each school will determine the appropriate standards and actions for students to take, respective to each status:

#### **Academic Concern**

Any of the following performance indicators at the end of a semester will cause the student's standing to be reviewed and may cause the student to be placed on Academic Concern:

- Receiving an incomplete (first occurrence and all subsequent occurrences)
- Earning a semester GPA of less than 2.0 (first occurrence)
- Earning fewer than a total of 12 units in a regular semester (first occurrence)

While a student placed on Academic Concern remains in good academic standing, this status is a signal to the student that academic performance is below minimum standards and, if continued, will likely cause the student to fall out of good standing. This status is not noted on the official transcript; since it does not cause the student to fall out of good standing, it will not be incorporated into enrollment verifications requesting confirmation of academic standing.

#### **Academic Notice**

Any of the following performance indicators at the end of a semester will cause the student's standing to be reviewed and may cause the student to be placed on Academic Notice:

- Cumulative GPA of less than 2.0 (first occurrence and all subsequent occurrences)
- Semester GPA of less than 2.0 (second occurrence and all subsequent occurrences)

- Earning fewer than a total of 12 units in a regular semester (second occurrence and all subsequent occurrences)
- · School-specific requirements:
  - Olin students earning a professional GPA of less than 2.0 (all business courses)
  - Arts & Sciences students earning below a C- in any majorrelated course

If the performance indicators contributing to the status of Academic Notice are raised above the threshold (e.g., by the resolution of an incomplete grade or the change of a final grade), the status may be reconsidered.

Academic Notice status indicates that a student is not in good academic standing. Although this status is not noted on the official transcript, it will be incorporated into enrollment verifications requesting confirmation of a student's standing.

#### **Academic Time Away**

Any of the following performance indicators at the end of a semester will cause the student's standing to be reviewed and may cause the student to be placed on Academic Time Away, which is a pause in enrollment at Washington University:

- Any third time a student becomes eligible for Academic Notice
- Any second sequential semester a student becomes eligible for Academic Notice (These are typically the fall and spring semesters, since most students do not enroll in summer classes. However, if a student does enroll in summer classes after a spring semester after which they were placed on Academic Notice, their performance will be reviewed.)
- Any semester in which student earns no degree credit

Academic Time Away status indicates that a student is not in good academic standing. Because this status is marked by a break in enrollment, this status is noted on the official transcript. The terms of the Time Away are determined by the student's school.

#### **Grades and Grade Points**

The following grades are used in calculating the grade point average:

Grade	Points per Unit
A or A+	4.0
A-	3.7
B+	3.3
В	3.0
B-	2.7
C+	2.3
B- C+ C	2.0
C-	1.7
D+	1.3
D	1.0
D-	0.7
F	0.0



The following grades and notations are ignored in calculating the grade point average:

Grade/ Notation	Value
P, P#, or CR	Pass/Credit
F, F#, or NCR	Failing/No Credit
S	Satisfactory
U	Unsatisfactory
	Course work incomplete; final grade pending
X	No final exam taken
W	Withdrawal
WLA	Withdraw, leave of absence
R	Retaken course
L	Successful audit
Z	Unsuccessful audit
N	No grade submitted; final grade pending

# Minimum/Maximum Course Load

Undergraduate degree programs in Arts & Sciences, Olin Business School, Sam Fox School of Design & Visual Arts, and McKelvey School of Engineering require full-time enrollment. Full-time enrollment is between 12 and 21 units of credit per semester. Courses taken as "audit" are not factored into the full-time status measure since students are not pursuing them to earn credit. Undergraduate students may not enroll in fewer than 12 units without approval; recommendations for reduced course loads may be approved for documented disability accommodations or health reasons by the appropriate office in Student Affairs, or students' schools (typically if they are in their ninth semester of enrollment at Washington University and poised to complete degree requirements). Approvals for reduced course loads primarily allow students to pursue lower course loads without risking a violation of standard academic progress and standing requirements.

Enrollment in fewer than 12 units may affect undergraduates' eligibility for financial aid, athletics, immigration status and other services, and may be approved for reduced tuition but only as documented on the Tuition & Fees page of this *Bulletin*. Similarly, students may not enroll in more than 21 units without approval from their school, and will incur additional tuition charges for such enrollment.

Students should review school policies and consult advisors for information about typical course loads to make appropriate progress in their degree program, since consistently pursuing only the minimum required units will not allow a student to fulfill degree requirements in a timely manner. They should also verify with their school how dropping or adding courses may affect their academic standing.

## **Registration in Courses**

Registration dates are published in advance on the Office of the University Registrar's website. Late registration after the term begins is permitted only until the "add/drop" deadline relevant to a student's program. Students will not earn credit for courses in which they are not duly registered. Students may not register in courses that have conflicting meeting times.

Students may drop a course by the published deadline found on the Office of the University Registrar's website; dropped courses do not appear on the permanent academic record, and no grade is recorded. Students may withdraw from a course after the drop deadline and until the published withdrawal deadline. A withdrawal will result in a W notation associated with the course on the permanent record, including the transcript. Students who wish to drop or withdraw from a course are expected to follow steps to do so by the appropriate deadline. Failure to drop a course or to withdraw by the published deadline may result in the failure of the course, and the transcript will reflect a failing grade.

Undergraduate students may request, under certain rare circumstances, to withdraw from all courses in a term, after the term is over, if circumstances beyond their control prevented them from exercising normal enrollment options described above during that term. They must submit the request according to the process and by the deadline described on the Office of the University Registrar's website.

#### **Repeated Courses**

When courses designed to be taken once are repeated, all attempts remain on the student's record, including the original grade. However, credit and grade points are only awarded one time.

### Teaching and Learning

### Teaching and Learning at Washington University: A Statement of Best Practices and Expectations

Undergraduate Council November 10, 1999 Teachina Subcommittee of the Underg

Teaching Subcommittee of the Undergraduate Council Walter Chan and Robert E. Hegel, Co-Chairs

Amended by the Teaching Learning Subcommittee of the Undergraduate Council on January 27, 2010, and October 30, 2015.

Amended statements endorsed by the Undergraduate Council on February 2, 2010, and November 2, 2015.

#### Bulletin 2024-25 Undergraduate Study (07/01/24)

All members of the Washington University community share responsibility for creating an atmosphere conducive to learning. A collaborative learning environment involves the active participation of both instructors and students in the classroom and in activities outside the classroom. This environment requires:

- best efforts on the part of both faculty and students to enhance the learning experience for the benefit of all persons involved;
- recognizing that everyone present plays an important role; that all
  participants in the learning experience deserve respect for what
  they contribute; and that both faculty and students be sensitive to
  the importance of the others in this process;
- an atmosphere that embraces multiple identities in the classroom by demonstrating mutual respect for all persons regardless of political, racial, ethnic, religious, gender, sexual orientation, age, disability, socioeconomic or veteran status.

In response to changing classroom dynamics, we, the Undergraduate Council, make the following recommendations:

Expectations and responsibilities of the faculty

The faculty member is involved in several major roles, including those of teacher, scholar-researcher, and citizen in the university. For the unimpeded performance of these functions, the faculty member is guaranteed academic freedom. At the same time, the faculty member has clear responsibilities to the students and to the institution, particularly in the faculty member's role as teacher. Instructors should provide the basic outlines for the learning experience and provide guidance as appropriate, generally in the form of a handout or easily accessible electronic document. Such guidance should normally involve:

- presenting a syllabus that:
  - identifies the goals of the course and its prerequisites, a schedule of major assignments and examinations, and explicit criteria for how student work will be evaluated;
  - articulates ground rules for classroom interaction and consequences for infringement (How much active participation is expected of the student? Is attendance required? Is it acceptable to eat during class? What are the guidelines for collaboration inside and outside of the classroom?):
  - establishes behavior expectations for the class, including respecting every member, listening and engaging;
  - · makes clear expectations for technology use during class;
  - includes links to information about inclusion and diversity, bias reporting, and accommodations based upon sexual assault and mental health;
- reminding students of and upholding the university's standards for academic integrity;
- bringing new perspectives and insights to assigned readings and other text materials;
- conducting classroom and one-on-one interactions in keeping with the university's guidelines on diversity and inclusion;
- regularly meeting and punctuality in starting and dismissing class;

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- prompt and responsible grading (including midterms), with evaluative comments and opportunities for students to discuss their grades with the faculty member;
- adherence to the announced office-hour schedule and offering as many avenues as possible for contact, including by online venue, telephone or email;
- using appropriate, relevant technology both inside and outside of the classroom to enhance communication between faculty and students:
- uploading course materials and sending emails or other notifications in a timely manner;
- overseeing assistants in instruction (Als), including the training
  of Als; providing definitions of grading expectations as per the
  University Code of Conduct; providing detailed rubrics for grading
  evaluations, case studies and projects; and ensuring a faculty
  review in the event students contest their grade and petition for
  regrading, especially to ensure grading uniformity;
- regular communication between two or more professors when they share in the teaching process of a one-semester course, including agreement about responsibilities, assignments given to students, and due dates expected;
- facilitation of and reflection on student evaluations of the faculty member's teaching methods and materials, including midsemester evaluations, as a means of creating an atmosphere of shared responsibility within the classroom;
- regular communication with students regarding progress in the course, ways to improve, and grading structure;
- avoiding prohibitive costs when ordering textbooks and other course materials; making electronic texts available;
- adhering to the published final examination schedule to avoid interfering with students' preparation for other classes;
- showing up to all of the classes and giving students the full number of contact hours they deserve each semester.

Expectations and responsibilities of the students

Students must take responsibility for their own learning. Students also share with the instructor the responsibility for providing an environment conducive to learning. Students should personally:

- actively engage in learning the material and with the process of education, including meeting with the instructor and/or Al when requested to or when necessary;
  - use the course materials, faculty expertise, and expectations for learning to build their own knowledge and skills;
  - attend all classes, both lecture and discussion sessions, and participate in class discussions; leave class only for emergencies; use online resources for augmentation and review, not as a substitute for class;
  - be punctual in completing assignments;
  - behave in the classroom in a manner that demonstrates respect for all students and faculty and follows university guidelines for diversity and inclusion;

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- adhere to the instructor's expectations for the use of technology during class, including laptops, tablets and phones;
- share responsibility for the flow of information concerning a course by regularly checking the course webpage, online discussion groups and university email;
- be familiar with and adhere to matters of academic integrity as identified by their instructors and their school within the university;
- participate in objective and constructive evaluations of the instructor, course content according to the syllabus, and required textbooks/materials to clarify opportunities and strengths that will help the instructor to improve the course in subsequent semesters;
- conform to the ground rules of the course as defined in the syllabus.

#### Learning outside the classroom

Students and instructors should consult at the beginning of the semester about the content and expectations regarding independent study, supervised internships, supervised research, fieldwork, and international learning.

Students and instructors should familiarize themselves with division/department/program policies regarding independent studies and internship opportunities.

#### Special student concerns

Students should take the initiative to inform the faculty of anticipated absences prior to the scheduled event and discuss special arrangements to compensate for missed instruction. Should the absence be emergent or unanticipated, it is the student's responsibility to inform the faculty in a timely manner to minimize the disruption of class progression as a whole. Students should recognize that the collective needs of the faculty and other students in a course may outweigh individual priorities. Faculty should be sensitive to individual student needs for special arrangements:

- to accommodate disabilities, illnesses, family emergencies, or academic or professional opportunities that interfere with usual class attendance or performance;
- to provide accommodations when students miss class because of religious holidays.

Responsibilities of the university administration

For its part, the university administration must:

- continue to provide facilities and ensure adequate classroom and laboratory space that is stocked with sufficient, appropriate equipment;
- give priority to supporting both faculty and students in teaching and learning;
- provide opportunities for professional, student, and leadership development in both teaching and learning;

- be responsive when normal communications between faculty and students break down by providing a process for discussion and negotiation;
- facilitate communication among various constituents of the university;
- facilitate the flow of visitors to the classroom by providing faculty with ample notice.

#### Where to get help

For instructors: The departmental chair or associate chair, the Teaching Center, colleagues, and the relevant dean's office offer very useful advice on teaching techniques, materials and methods.

For students: The instructor, the Als, and the Learning Center can be counted on for guidance on best learning techniques and practices. The Writing Center can be a very helpful resource for all levels of written assignments from concept identification and document structuring through final paper editing.

Should a student concern occur, the general process of communication and request for assistance, guidance, and problem resolution is as follows:

- 1. Raise the concern with the faculty member.
- 2. If resolution has not been achieved, raise the concern with the associate chair or department chair.
- If resolution has not been achieved, raise the concern with the student's advisor(s).

Concerns and/or disagreements that have not been resolved by this process can be addressed to the faculty-student mediator.

If the student has a concern related to discrimination or harassment, the University Policy on Discrimination and Harassment provides additional information about resources and options.

10/30/2015

## **Transfer Credit Policy**

## **Recording Policy**

Transfer credit is articulated on a student's permanent record and listed on transcripts. Courses transferred from other institutions of higher education do not have grades or grade points assigned and therefore do not apply toward a student's GPA.

Institutionally, Washington University participates in the Inter-University Exchange Program. Courses taken at St. Louis University and the University of Missouri St. Louis, according to the parameters documented, are approved to transfer to Washington University. The McKelvey School of Engineering has agreements related to dual degree programs with other institutions.



### Eligible Credit

In order to be eligible for transfer articulation, courses taken from another institution — whether taken before matriculation or after matriculation as preapproved domestic or study abroad enrollment — must meet the following criteria:

- Be offered and transcripted by a fully accredited institution of higher education (either according to U.S. Department of Education standards or by the appropriate national ministry of education for non-U.S. institutions);
- Have a quality final grade of C\* or better;
- Be offered in a subject matter/discipline taught at Washington University and at a level by which college/university credit would normally be awarded;
- Not be applied to high school graduation requirements;
- Be taught on the campus of a college or university and enrolled in primarily by duly matriculated college students (i.e., high school graduates); and
- Not be taken while a student is on suspension for violation of Academic Integrity or Student Code of Conduct policies.

Schools may have additional specific criteria about requirement areas that cannot be fulfilled with transfer credit (i.e., that can only be fulfilled by the completion of Washington University courses) as well as limits on the number of transferred credits that may apply to degree requirements or be taken during a summer term. Please review the school academic policy sections for details.